



## Vidura College – Colombo

### Grade 2 – 2<sup>nd</sup> Term

## English – Grammar – Simple Present Tense

### Student Note 03

Dear Parents,

1. Before writing the students' note, watch the lesson on You Tube.  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F9p-0ZGlniE>
2. Use the **English Grammar book** to paste the printed paper.

English  
Grammar

### Student Note -03

Day 01

### Simple Present Tense

- We use the Simple Present Tense to describe habits, unchanging situations, general truths, and fixed arrangements

Singular formation:

#### Subject – Verb + s / es

He	work + <b>s</b>	<b><u>works</u></b>
She		
It		

- For he, she and it, we add “s” at the end of the verb.

He	teach + <b>es</b>	<b><u>teaches</u></b>
She	brush + <b>es</b>	<b><u>brushes</u></b>
It	go + <b>es</b>	<b><u>goes</u></b>

- Verbs ending with “ch”, “sh”, “ss”, “o” or “x” we add “es” after *he, she and it.*

He	<b>carry</b> → <b>carr + i + es</b>	<u>carries</u>
She		
It		

- Verbs ending with a consonant + y, we take out the “y” and add “i” and “es” to the end of the verb.

Plural Formation:

**Subject - Verb** (the verb doesn't change).

I	work	I <b><u>work</u></b>
You	teach	You <b><u>teach</u></b>
We	brush	We <b><u>brush</u></b>
They	carry	They <b><u>carry</u></b>

- When we use “I”, “you”, “we” and “they”, the verb remains same and do not change.

Look at the given examples and write the answers for the following questions using Simple Present Tense form.

e.g.: She **walks** (walk) to school every day.

The sun **rises** (rise) in the East.

I **wash** (wash) my face every day.

The birds **fly** (fly) in the sky.

1. Cats ..... (drink) milk.
2. Alice ..... (drink) milk every morning.
3. My mother ..... (work) in a bank.
4. The farmers ..... (work) in the paddy fields.
5. The doctor ..... (give) medicine to people.
6. The teachers ..... (give) knowledge to students.
7. Jane ..... (visit) her grandparents every Sunday.
8. I ..... (visit) my cousins every Sunday.